

平成 29 年度 入学試験問題 (平成 29 年 1 月 21 日)

英 語 I

1 問題 (1)~(3) : 第一アクセントの位置が他の三つと異なるものを一つ選びなさい。

- (1) ① traf-fic ② fin-ish ③ con-trol ④ prod-uct
(2) ① ed-u-cate ② at-mos-phere ③ dem-on-strate ④ dra-mat-ic
(3) ① su-per-sti-tion ② ac-a-dem-ic ③ au-thor-i-ty ④ ar-ti-fi-cial

2 問題 (4)~(6) : 与えられた日本語の意味を表す英単語を一つ選びなさい。

- (4) 救急車 : ① ambulance ② ambalance ③ anbulance ④ unbalance
(5) 食欲 : ① appatite ② appatitte ③ appetite ④ appetite
(6) 感染症 : ① inflammation ② inflamation ③ infection ④ infecktion

3 問題 (7)~(10) : 下線部と同じ意味を表わす語句を一つ選びなさい。

(7) Nurses have to take care of patients.

- ① take after ② look after ③ ever after ④ after all

(8) Dr. Smith is planning to attend the international conference.

- ① take charge of ② take advantage of ③ take pride in ④ take part in

(9) The baseball game was canceled because of heavy rain.

- ① took off ② put off ③ called off ④ turned off

(10) We visited our grandmother last weekend.

- ① called on ② called up ③ called at ④ called for

4 問題 (11)~(14) : 次の会話文中の空欄に入る最も適切なものを一つ選びなさい。

(11) A : What do you do?

B : ()

- ① I'm fine, thank you. ② Nice to meet you, too. ③ What do you do?
④ I'm a physical therapist.

(12) A : Will you lend me something to write with?

B : ()

A : Sure.

- ① Will this pen do? ② Do you write with a pen or pencil?
③ Any pen will do. ④ Yes, I will.

(13) A : How have you been doing at your new school () ?

B : Pretty good. The teachers are kind and my classmates are friendly.

- ① so far ② as well ③ after all ④ at last

(14) A : Ritchie, Why have you been so distant lately?

B : What do you mean?

A : ()

- ① I feel like you've been giving me a present. ② I feel like you've been catching a cold.
③ I feel like you've been giving me the cold shoulder.
④ I feel like you've been catching up with the others.

5 問題 (15)~(18) : 日本文の意味に合うように A~F の語句を並べ替えるとき、空欄の 2 番目と 4 番目にくる組み合わせとして最も適切なものを一つ選びなさい。

ただし、文頭にくる語も小文字で記してあります。

(15) 電話がかかってきたとき彼女はまさに出かけようとしていた。

She () (2 番目) () (4 番目) () when she got a call.

[A. go B. about C. was D. out E. to]

- ① E-D ② C-A ③ B-A ④ A-B

(16) なぜあなたは言われた通りにしなかったのですか？

Why didn't you do it () (2 番目) () (4 番目) () () ?

[A. were B. to C. you D. as E. do F. told]

- ① C-F ② B-C ③ C-B ④ E-A

(17) リチャードはとても疲れていたなのでその本を読む気になれなかった。

Richard was () (2 番目) () (4 番目) () () reading the book.

[A. that B. feel C. he D. so tired E. like F. didn't]

- ① D-A ② E-A ③ C-D ④ A-F

(18) 彼女は決心したのです。気持ちを変えさせようとしても無駄です。

She's made up her mind. It's () (2 番目) () (4 番目) () () .

[A. no B. change C. use D. trying E. to F. her mind]

- ① C-E ② E-F ③ E-D ④ B-C

6 問題 (19)、(20) : 英文を読んで設問に答えなさい。

Of all fatal diseases, Alzheimer's disease may be the worst, because it kills the patient twice. First, the mind dies : names, places, dates — the history of an entire life — fade out from the memory. Simple tasks like using the phone, telling time and changing clothes become impossible. Second, the body dies. The patient is no longer able to walk or control basic functions, the patient gradually sinks into a coma before death. On average, the breakdown occurs in five to eight years, but sometimes it takes as long as 20 years. "To lose your mind, your ability to live a meaningful life, is worse than cancer," says a doctor. "At least cancer causes physical pain. Alzheimer's disease quietly destroys you."

(19) 下線部 fatal と同じ意味を持つ単語を一つ選びなさい。

- ① lethal ② legal ③ unfortunate ④ serious ⑤ severe

(20) 英文の内容に合っているものを一つ選びなさい。

- ①アルツハイマー病は突然襲ってくるので最悪である。
②アルツハイマー病患者は日常生活の簡単な動作ができなくなる。
③アルツハイマー病の経過は様々であるが、平均的に5から20年に及ぶ。
④アルツハイマー病患者は亡くなる直前まで意識を保持する。
⑤アルツハイマー病は身体的痛みを伴いながら静かに進行する。

平成29年度 入学試験問題 一般B日程 (平成29年1月21日) 英語I 解答

1 (1) 3 (2) 4 (3) 3

2 (4) 1 (5) 4 (6) 3

3 (7) 2 (8) 4 (9) 3 (10) 1

4 (11) 4 (12) 1 (13) 1 (14) 3

5 (15) 3 (16) 1 (17) 4 (18) 1

6 (19) 1 (20) 2