## 平成27年度 入学試験問題(平成27年1月24日)

## 英 語 I

1 問題 (1)~(4): 第1アクセントの位置が他の3つと異なる単語を①~④の中から一つ選びなさい。
(1) ① boy-cott ② art-ist ③ mis-take ④ as-pect
(2) ① oc-cur ② ca-nal ③ dam-age ④ per-form
(3) ① sen-si-tive ② po-et-ic ③ del-i-cate ④ en-er-gy
(4) ① com-pli-cat-ed ② ap-pro-pri-ate ③ ad-mi-ra-ble ④ nec-es-sar-y
2 問題 (5)~(10): 英文の下線部の意味に最も近い語または語句を一つ選びなさい。
(5) Everything is going smoothly so far.
① up to now ② far away ③ since then ④ furthermore
(6) Would you <u>fill out</u> this form?
① check ② complete ③ draw ④ find
(7) You need to <u>account for</u> what you did yesterday.
① explain ② consider ③ understand ④ refer
(8) Although the situation seemed to be difficult to solve, he <u>managed to find</u> his way out.
① insisted on finding ② worried about finding
③ succeeded in finding ④ was used to finding
(9) You are not supposed to park your car on this spot.
① are not told to ② are not to requested to
③ are not offered to ④ are not meant to
(10) Robert was quite <u>badly off</u> before he came to live in Japan.
① in danger ② lacking in warmth ③ poorly conducted ④ short of money
3 問題 (11)~(15): 日本語の意味に相当するよう ( ) 内に与えられた語または語句を[ ]内に並
べ替えるとき、[4]に入るものを選びなさい。
(11) 患部(その部位)を清潔に乾燥させておくようにしてください。
Please [ 1 ][ 2 ][ 3 ][ 4 ][ 5 ][ 6 ].
( the area / to / and dry / keep / try / clean )
① the area ② and dry ③ to ④ clean ⑤ keep
(12) 手術は3時間ほどかかります。The [1][2][3][4][5][6].
( hours / take / operation / about / will / three )
① hours ② take ③ will ④ about ⑤ three

(13) 発疹ができてどのくらいになりますか。How [1][2][3][4][5][6]?
( you / rash / have / long / the / had )
① you ② have ③ had ④ rash ⑤ the
(14) 援助が必要な時はこのナースコールを押してください。
Press [ 1 ][ 2 ][ 3 ][ 4 ][ 5 ][ 6 ].
( need / nurse call button / you / assistance / when / this )
① need ② when ③ assistance ④ nurse call button ⑤ you
(15) 指示があるまで目を閉じてください。
Please [1][2][3][4][5][6][7][8][9] them.
( you/your/I/eyes/open/close/tell/until/to )
① you ② your ③ until ④ tell ⑤ I
4 問題 (16)~(20): 次の会話文中の空欄に入る最も適切なものを一つ選びなさい。
(16) A: Excuse me. Does this bus go to the station?
B: No. ( )
A: Oh, what should I do?
B: Change at the next stop.
① The station is over there. ② It takes about 15 minutes to the station.
3 This bus will take you there. 4 You are on the wrong bus.
(17) A: I'm going to the supermarket to get something to eat. Do you want to come with me?
B: ( )
A: I don't think it would take that long. The store is just a few blocks away.
B: OK. I will go as long as I can come back by noon.
① What are you going to buy?
② I'm sorry I have an important appointment this afternoon.
3 Which supermarket are you going?
④ I would love to go to the supermarket.
(18) A: Michael didn't go to the hospital yesterday.
B: ( )
A: It's not that, but he was just too busy with his new project.
① That's too bad. He should have consulted the doctor.
② Really? Didn't he? Why not?
③ Oh, I thought he did. Doesn't he like the new doctor?
① Doesn't he really know where the hospital located?
(19) A: Let's meet again next Tuesday.

B: (

A: OK. How about Wednesday night?

B: That'll be fine.

- ① Could we please put it off?
- ② Could we make it faster?
- ③ Would you mind coming with her?
- 4 Would you put forward it?
- (20) A: Let's go out somewhere this afternoon.

B: (

A: Great! How about going to the movies?

- ① Why not? That sounds good to me.
- ② No, I have to go to work.
- ③ I don't feel like going out.
- 4 I'd prefer to show you a video.
- |5| 問題 (21)~(25):次の英文の和訳として最も適切なものを一つ選びなさい。
- (21) Most people visit their doctor only when they are sick.
  - ① ほとんどの人は具合が悪くなったときのみ医者の診察を受ける。
  - ② かかりつけの医者は、たいてい人の具合が悪くなった時のみ訪問する。
  - ③ 多くの人が自分で医者に行けないほど具合が悪い時のみ人に医者を呼びに行ってもらう。
  - ④ 医者を訪れるのは、かなり症状が悪い時のみにするべきだと考えている人が多い。
- (22) It is not until we lose our health that we know the value of it.
  - ① 私達は健康を失って初めてその価値を知る。
  - ② 私達が健康の価値を知るまでは、私達は健康を失うことがないと勘違いしている。
  - ③ その時が来るまで私達は健康の価値を知らない。
  - ④ 私達はルーズな生活をしていると健康の価値がわからない。
- (23) Too much exercise will do you more harm than good.
  - ① 過度の運動は、あなたの心臓に悪い影響を与える。
  - ② たくさん運動すると、あなたにもっと良い影響を与えるだろう。
  - ③ 過度の運動はあなたのために良いと言うよりむしろ害になる。
  - ④ たくさんの練習問題があなたをもっと良くするだろう。
- (24) The question is not so much what you look like as what you are.
  - ① あなたの外見が本当のあなたと違うのは問題だ。
  - ② 今のあなたほど見かけ倒しの人はいない。
  - ③ 本当に大切なことは目に見えることだけでなくあなた自身だ。
  - ④ 問題はあなたの外見よりもむしろあなたがどういう人かということだ。
- (25) She will come provided that she is well enough.
  - ① 彼女は裕福なのでプレゼントを持ってくるでしょう。
  - ② 彼女は身体の調子が良ければ来るでしょう。

- ③ 彼女は充分に裕福なので、ここに来て与えてくれるでしょう。
- ④ 彼女は体調が充分ではないが、ここに来るでしょう。

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1 (1) 3 (2) 3 (3) 2 (4) 2

[2] (5) 1 (6) 2 (7) 1 (8) 3 (9) 4 (10) 4

[3] (11) 1 (12) 4 (13) 3 (14) 5 (15) 3

[4] (16) 4 (17) 2 (18) 3 (19) 1 (20) 1

[5] (21) 1 (22) 1 (23) 3 (24) 4 (25) 2